

Manual

NL6448AC18-11D NLT Technologies

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TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL6448AC18-11D

14cm (5.7 Type) VGA LVDS interface (1port)

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET 👼

DOD-PP-2280 (3rd edition)

This PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-2236(2)

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.



INTRODUCTION

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The products are classified into three grades: "Standard", "Special", and "Specific".

Each quality grade is designed for applications described below. Any customer who intends to use a product for application other than that of Standard is required to contact an NLT sales representative in advance.

The **Standard:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products are free from any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and not related the safety of the public (Social Issues), like general electric devices.

Examples: Office equipment, audio and visual equipment, communication equipment, test and measurement equipment, personal electronic equipment, home electronic appliances, car navigation system (with no vehicle control functions), seat entertainment monitor for vehicles and airplanes, fish finder (except marine radar integrated type), PDA, etc.

The **Special:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might directly cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and required high level reliability by conventional wisdom.

Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.



NL6448AC18-11D

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	2
1. OUTLINE	4
1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE	
1.2 APPLICATION	
1.3 FEATURES	
2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3. BLOCK DIAGRAM	
4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS	
4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	7
4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	7
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	8
4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board	8
4.3.2 LED driver	
4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple	10
4.3.4 Fuse	
4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE	11
4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board	
4.4.2 LED driver	
4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS	12
4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board	12
4.5.2 LED driver	
4.5.3 Positions of socket	13
4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS	
4.5.5 Input data mapping	15
4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS	16
4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS	17
4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS	17
4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS	18
4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings	18
4.9.2 Timing characteristics	19
4.9.3 Input signal timing chart	
4.10 OPTICS	21
4.10.1 Optical characteristics	21
4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio	
4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity	22
4.10.4 Definition of response times	22
4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles	22
5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME	
6. RELIABILITY TESTS	
7. PRECAUTIONS	
7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS	25
7.2 CAUTIONS	25
7.3 ATTENTIONS	25
7.3.1 Handling of the product	25
7.3.2 Environment	26
7.3.3 Characteristics	26
7.3.4 Others	26
8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS	
8.1 FRONT VIEW	
8.2 REAR VIEW	28
REVISION HISTORY	29



1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL6448AC18-11D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

- High contrast
- Reversible-scan direction
- LVDS interface
- LED backlight built in LED driver
- UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 will be acquired for this product when starting mass production.
- This product will comply with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU) when starting mass production.

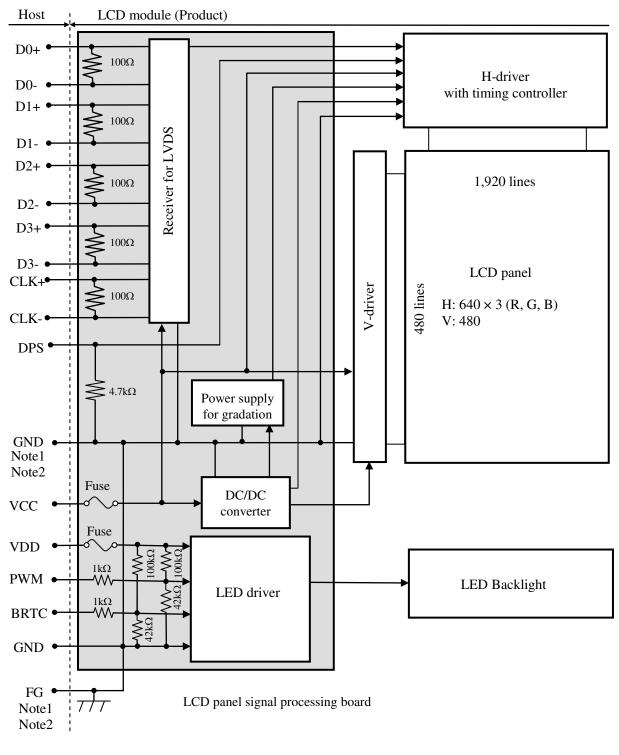
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2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	115.2 (H) × 86.4 (V) mm			
Diagonal size of display	14cm (5.7 inches)			
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix			
Display color	16,194,277 colors			
Pixel	640 (H) × 480 (V) pixels			
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe			
Dot pitch	$0.06 (H) \times 0.18 (V) mm$			
Pixel pitch	$0.18 (H) \times 0.18 (V) mm$			
Module size	144.0 (W) × 104.6 (H) × 12.3 (D) mm (typ.)			
Weight	150 g (typ.)			
Contrast ratio	(900):1 (typ.)			
Viewing angle	 At the contrast ratio ≥ 10:1 Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.) 			
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: Down side (6 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒ 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular) 			
Polarizer surface	Antiglare			
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]			
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 50% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]			
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \leftrightarrow 90\%)$ (18)ms (typ.)			
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control 550cd/m ² (typ.)			
Signal system	LVDS interface (1port) 8-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)			
Power supply voltage	<i>upply voltage</i> LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V LED driver: 12.0V			
Backlight	LED backlight built in LED driver			
Power consumption	At the maximum luminance control, Checkered flag pattern (2.4) W (typ.)			



3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relation between GND (Signal ground and LED driver ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module is as follows.

GND - FG	Connected	
CND and EC must be connected to au	stamor aquinmont's ground and it i	a roo

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds to be connected together in customer equipment.



4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$144.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 104.6 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 12.3 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	115.2 (H) × 86.4(V)	Note1	mm
Weight	150 (typ.), (165) (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter				Rating	Unit	Remarks		
Power supply LCD panel signal p		processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +(5)	17			
voltage	LED o	lriver	VDD	-0.3 to +(15.0)	V			
	Display Not		VD			$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$		
Input voltage for	Function Not		VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	1a = 25 C		
signals			PWM	-0.3 to +(5.5)	v			
	Function signal for LED driver		BRTC	-0.3 to +(VDD+0.1)	V			
	Storage temperature			-30 to +80	°C	-		
		Front surface	TopF	-30 to +80	°C	Note3		
Operating	emperature	Rear surface	TopR	-30 to +80	°C	Note4		
				≤ 95	%	$Ta \leq 40^{\circ}C$		
	Relative humidity Note5		Relative humidity Note5			≤ 85	%	$40^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{Ta} \le 50^{\circ}\text{C}$
							RH	≤ 55
				≤ 36	%	60° C < Ta $\leq 70^{\circ}$ C		
				≤ 24	%	$70^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{Ta} \le 80^{\circ}\text{C}$		
	Absolute humidity Note5	AH	≤70 Note6	g/m ³	Ta= 80°C			

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-

Note2: DPS

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 80°C and RH= 24%

NL6448AC18-11D

2500

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

							$(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	(195) Note1	(270) Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage	Permissible ripple voltage		-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC
Differential input threshold	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2 V Note3
voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-		
	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level
Input voltage for DPS signal	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	v	CIVIOS level
	High	IFH	-	-	(800)		
Input current for DPS signal	Low	IFL	(-800)	-	-	μΑ	-

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

4.3.2 LED driver

							(Ta= 25°C)
Parameter	Parameter			typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	;	VDD	10.8	12.0	13.2	v	Note1
Power supply current	IDD	-	(150)	(190) Note3	mA	Note4	
Permissible ripple vo	Permissible ripple voltage		-	-	200	mVp-p	for VDD
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	(2.0)	-	(5.3)	V	
PWM signal	Low	VDFL1	-	-	(0.8)	V	-
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	(2.0)	-	VDD	V	
BRTC signal	Low	VDFL2	-	-	(0.8)	v	-
PWM frequency		\mathbf{f}_{PWM}	200	-	(10k)	Hz	Note5, Note6
PWM duty ratio		DR _{PWM}	(1)	-	100	%	Note7
PWM pulse w	vidth	tPWH	(1)	-	-	μs	11007

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on. Put a capacitor between the power supply lines (VDD and GND) to reduce the noise if necessary.

Note3: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.

Note4: At the maximum luminance control.

Note5: A recommended f_{PWM} value is as follows.

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

- Note6: Depending on the frequency used, some noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.
- Note7: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH (PWM pulse width) is less than (1)µs. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight off and then on again by BRTC signal.
- Note8: Regardless of the PWM frequency, both PWM duty ratio and PWM pulse width must be always more than the minimum values.



4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supply voltage		Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VDD	12.0 V	≤ 200	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

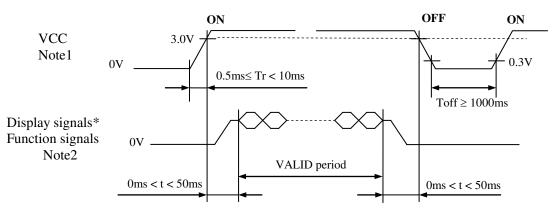
4.3.4 Fuse

Demonster	Fi	Datina	Eurine europe	Demender		
Parameter	Туре	Supplier	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks	
NCC	FCC16152AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	3.0A	N	
VCC	FCC10152AB	CO.,LTD	36V	5.0A		
VDD	ECC1(152AD	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	2.04	Note1	
VDD	FCC16152AB	CO.,LTD	36V	3.0A		

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board

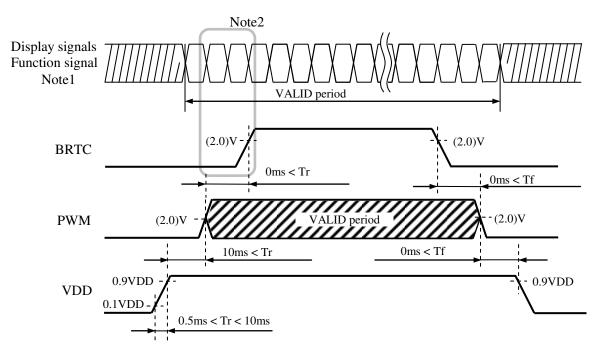


* These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

- Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.
- Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

4.4.2 LED driver



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.



4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side):FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))Adaptable plug:FI-S20S(Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks		
1	D3+	Pixel data (R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7)	Note3, Note4		
2	D3-		1000,100		
3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High :Reverse scanLow or Open :Normal scanNote2		
4	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.		
5	GND	Ground	Note1		
6	CLK+	Pixel clock	N-4-2		
7	CLK-	PIXELCIOCK	Note3		
8	GND	Ground	Note1		
9	D2+	Divel date (D2 D5 DE)	Note3, Note4		
10	D2-	Pixel data (B2-B5,DE)	Note3, Note4		
11	GND	Ground	Note1		
12	D1+	Pixel data (G1-G5,B0-B1)	Note3, Note4		
13	D1-	1 Incl uata (01-03,b0-b1)			
14	GND	Ground	Note1		
15	D0+	Divel data (D0 D5 C0)	Nota2 Nota4		
16	D0-	Pixel data (R0-R5,G0)	Note3, Note4		
17	GND	Carried	N-(1		
18	GND	Ground	Note1		
19	VCC	Dowor overly	Net-1		
20	VCC	Power supply	Note1		

Note1: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note2: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note3: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note4: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.



NL6448AC18-11D

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4.5.2 LED driver

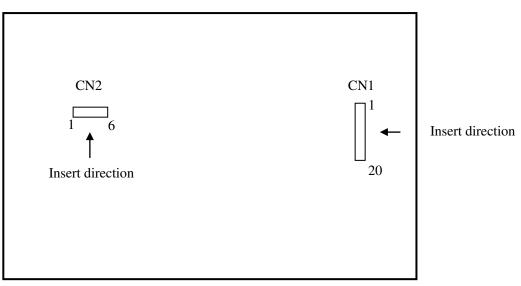
CN2 socket (LCD module side): SM06B-SRSS-TB(LF)(SN) (JST Co. Ltd) Adaptable plug: SHR-06V-S-B (JST Co. Ltd)

Adaptable plug.		311K-00V-3-D (J31 C0	. Liu)		
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remarks		
1	VDD	Power supply			
2	VDD	Power supply	Note1		
3	GND	Ground	Note1		
4	GND	Ground			
5	PWM	Luminance control	PWM Dimming Open: Max. Luminance		
6	BRTC	Backlight ON/OFF control	High or Open:Backlight ONLow:Backlight OFF		

Note1: All GND and VDD terminals must be connected to appropriate terminals.

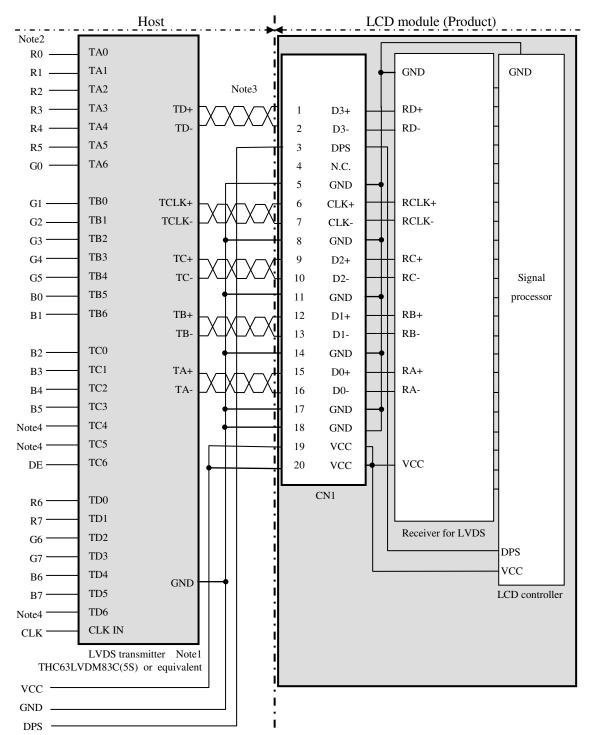
4.5.3 Positions of socket

Rear side



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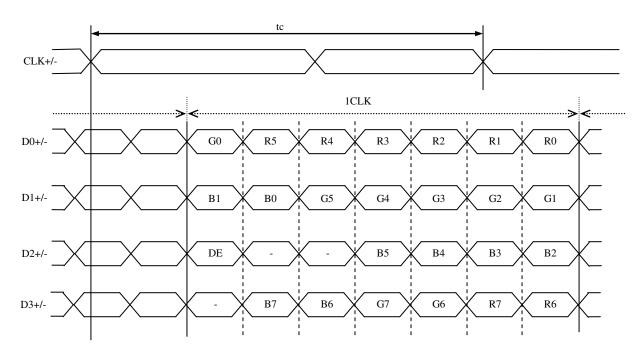


4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

- Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83C(5S) (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R7, G7, B7
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.



4.5.5 Input data mapping





NL6448AC18-11D

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4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display 16,194,277 colors with 253 gray scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

	i input data		5		us		0.115																(N	lote	1)
Display	colors										gnal														
Dispidy	001013	R7	' R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	7 G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	7 B6	6 B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba:	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ıy s	\uparrow					:								:								:			
gra	\downarrow					:								:								:			
Red gray scale	bright	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ц	U U	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay	\uparrow													:								:			
1g l	\downarrow													:								:			
Green gray scale	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
U	U U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Blue gray scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ıy s	↑					:								:								:			
grê	\downarrow					:								:								:			
lue	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0
В	eng	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Х	Х
																		1							

Note1: X means 0 or 1.



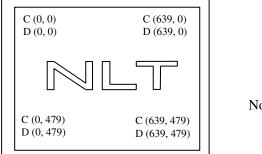
4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0, 0)	В					
$\left(\begin{array}{cc} C(&0,&0) \end{array}\right)$	C(1, 0)		C(X, 0)		C(638, 0)	C(639, 0)
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)		C(X, 1)		C(638, 1)	C(639, 1)
	•	•	•	•	•	
	•		•	• • •		
•	•	•	•	•	•	
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)	• • •	C(X, Y)	• • •	C(638, Y)	C(639, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	
•	•	•	•	•	•	
C(0, 478)	C(1, 478)	•••	C(X, 478)		C(638, 478)	C(639, 478)
C(0, 479)	C(1, 479)		C(X, 479)		C(638, 479)	C(639, 479)

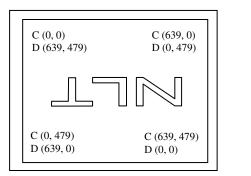
4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.



Note1

Figure1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)



Note1

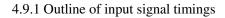
Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "**4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS**".) D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

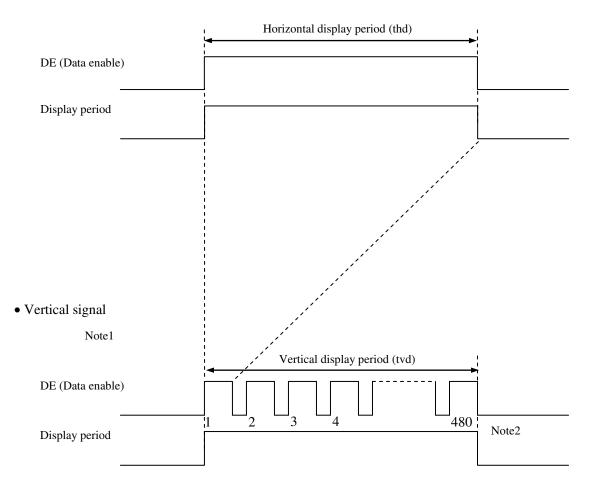


4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS



• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for the pulse number.

NL6448AC18-11D

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

.2 1111119	characteristics	5						(Note1, Note2)	
	Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
	Free	luency	1/tc	24.8	25.2	34.2	MHz	-	
CLK	Dut	y ratio	-	-			-	-	
DATA (R0-R7)		Setup time	-				ns		
(G0-G7) (B0-B7)	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-		-		ns	-	
			4	(29.240)	31.746	(32.258)	μs	215111 (4)	
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	(800)	800	(1,000)	CLK	31.5 kHz (typ.)	
		Display period	thd	640			CLK	-	
DE		Cuala	t	(15.351)	16.667	(16.935)	ms	60.0 Hz (typ.)	
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	(516)	525	(570)	Н		
		Display period	tvd		480		Н	-	
		Setup time	-				ns		
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-		-		ns	-	

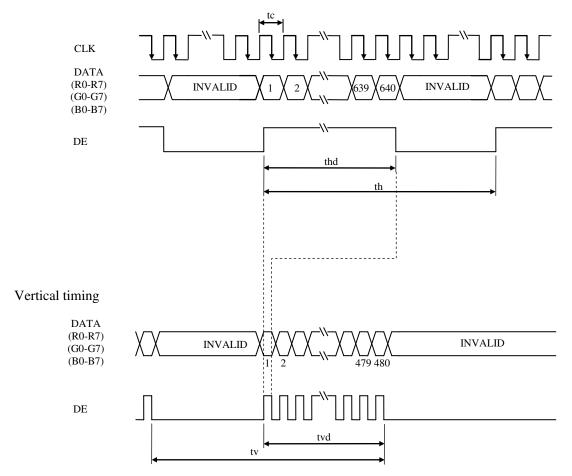
Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows. tc=1CLK, th=1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



NL6448AC18-11D

• •

4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

								(Note1, N	Note2)	
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks	
Luminano	ce	White at center $\theta R= 0^{\circ}, \theta L= 0^{\circ}, \theta U= 0^{\circ}, \theta D= 0^{\circ}$	L	(400)	550	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-	
Contrast ra	ıtio	White/Black at center $\theta R= 0^\circ, \theta L= 0^\circ, \theta U= 0^\circ, \theta D= 0^\circ$	CR	(500)	(900)	-	-	BM-5A	Note3	
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R= 0^{\circ}, \theta L= 0^{\circ}, \theta U= 0^{\circ}, \theta D= 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	(1.25)	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4	
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-			
	white	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-			
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	(0.605)					
Chromaticity		y coordinate	Ry	-	(0.348)	-	-			
Chromaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	(0.328)	-	-		Note5	
		y coordinate	Gy	-	(0.576)	-	-		notes	
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	(0.144)	-	-			
		y coordinate	By	-	(0.120)	-	-			
Color gamut		$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	С	45	50	-	%			
Pesponse t	ima	White to Black	Ton	-	(3)	(5)	ms	BM-5A	Note6	
Response time		Black to White	Toff	-	(15)	(21)	ms	-10000	Note7	
	Right	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θR	70	80	-	0			
¥7:1	Left	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θL	70	80	-	0	EZ	N-4-9	
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R=0^{\circ}, \ \theta L=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	Contrast	Note8	
	Down	$\theta R=0^{\circ}, \ \theta L=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θD	70	80	-	0			

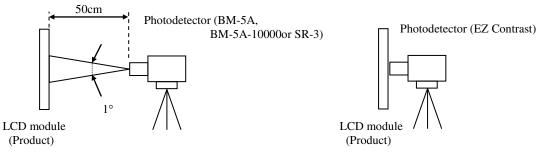
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta = 25°C, VCC = 3.3V, VDD = 12.0V, PWM duty ratio: 100%,

Display mode: VGA, Horizontal cycle = 1/31.5kHz, Vertical cycle = 1/60.0Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



- Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".
- Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".
- Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.
- Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= (28)°C
- Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".
- Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".



4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

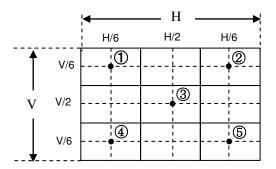
Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance of white screen Luminance of black screen

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

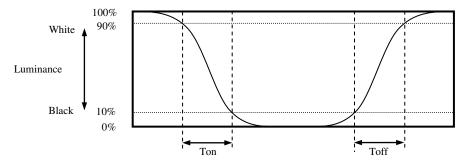
$$Luminance uniformity (LU) = \frac{Maximum luminance from (1) to (5)}{Minimum luminance from (1) to (5)}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

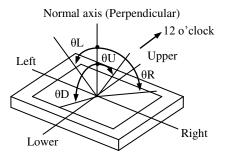


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from " white " to " black ", or " black " to " white " on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles





5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio: 100%	50,000	Ŀ
LED elementary substance	(80)°C (Temperature of LCD panel surface and rear shield surface) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio: 100%	(30,000)	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

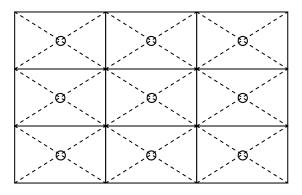
Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment No	ote1	
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours Display data is black. 			
High temperature (Operation)	 80 ± 3°C, 240hours Display data is black. 			
Heat cycle (Operation)	 -30 ± 3°C1hour 80 ± 3°C1hour 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle Display data is black. 			
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 -30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 100cycles, 1hour/cycle Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions		
ESD (Operation)	 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV 9 places on a panel surface Note2 10 times each places at 1 sec interval 			
Dust (Operation)	 Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) 15 seconds stir 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 			
Vibration (Non operation)	e			
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 539m/s², 11ms ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions 5 times each directions 	No physical damages		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



3

3



7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s² and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\$\phi16mm jig)\$)

7.3 ATTENTIONS

7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② Do not hook nor pull cables such as lamp cable, and so on, in order to avoid any damage.
- ③ When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ④ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- (5) The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed (0.200) N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 3.5 mm.
- (6) The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑦ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the panel surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ③ Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is
 recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color
 or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ① Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ④ The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

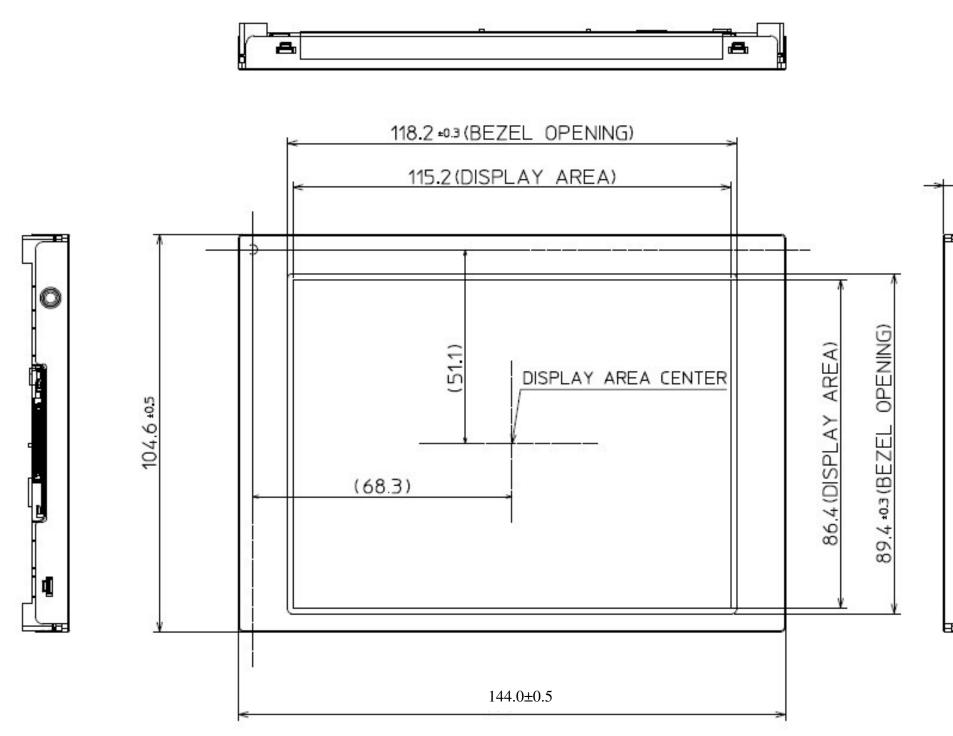
7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NLT.

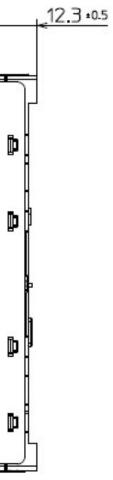


8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW



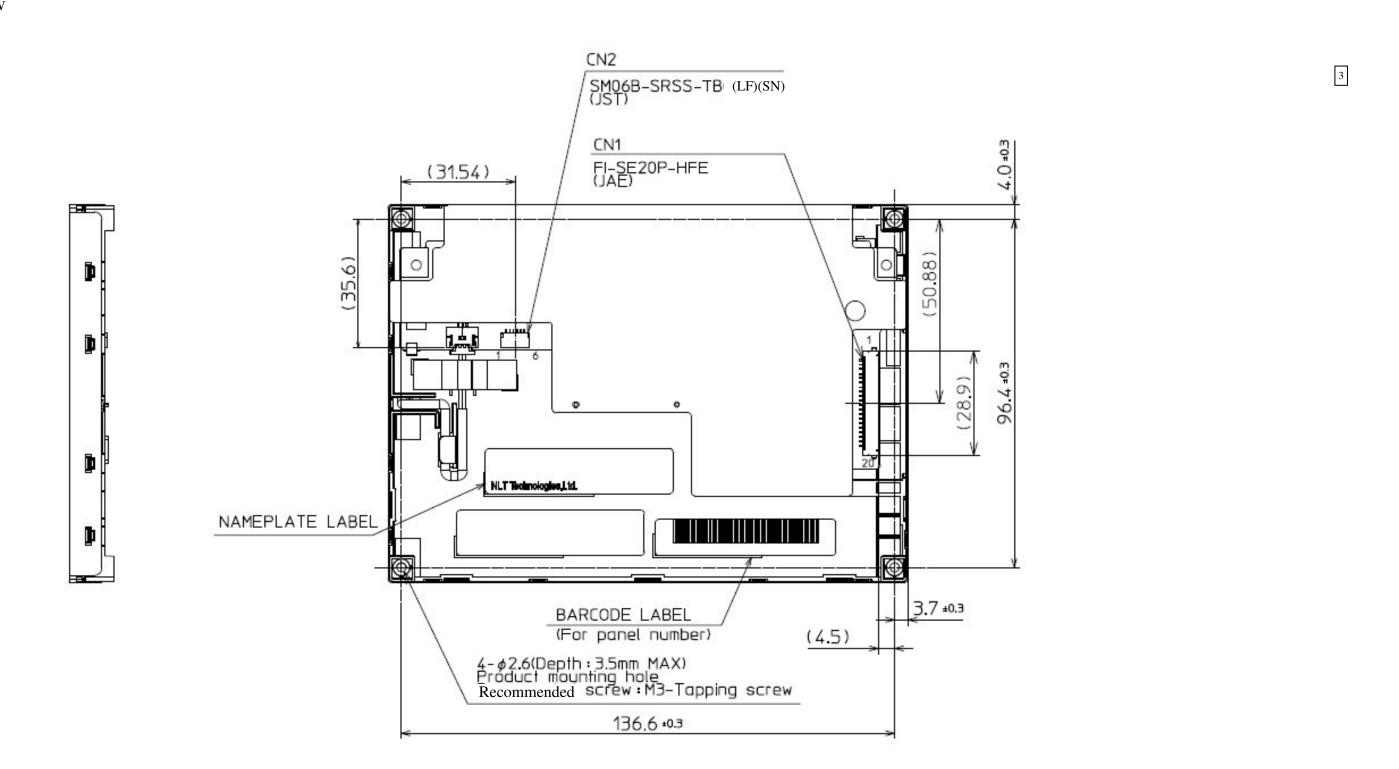
Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.



Unit: mm



8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference. Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed (0.200) N·m. And the length of product mounting screws must be \leq 3.5 mm.

NL6448AC18-11D

Unit: mm



REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision contents and signature
1st	DOD-PP-	June 7,	Revision contents New issue Writer Approved by Checked by Prepared by R. KAWASHIMA E. YOSHIMURA
edition	2124	2015	
2nd	DOD-PP-	Nov. 19,	Revision contents P5 General specifications • Display color: 262,144 colors → 16,777,216 colors • Module size: (12.3) (D) mm (typ.) → 12.3 (D) mm (typ.) • Weight: (150)g (typ.) → 150g (typ.) • Power consumption: (2.3) W (typ.) → (2.4) W (typ.) P6 Block diagram • D3+, D3- (addition) • PWM-GND, BRTC-GND: 39kΩ → 42kΩ P7 Detailed specifications - mechanical specifications • Module size: (12.3) (D) mm → 12.3± 0.5 (D) mm • Weight: (150) (typ.), TBD (max.) g → 150 (typ.), (165) (max.) g P7 Detailed specifications - absolute maximum ratings • Note1: D3+/ - (addition) P8 Electrical characteristics - LCD panel signal processing board • Power supply current: (140) (typ.), (180) (max.) mA → (195) (typ.), (270) (max.) mA • Input current for DPS signal - IFH: (300) (max.) $\mu A → (800) (max.) \mu A$ • Input current for DPS signal - IFH: (300) (max.) mA * Power supply current: (195) (max.) mA → (190) (max.) mA P1 Power supply current: (195) (max.) mA → (190) (max.) mA P1 Power supply voltage - LCD panel signal processing board • Note2: D3+-(addition) P12 Connections and functions for interface pins • PinNo.1.2 (changed) P14 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS (Revised)
edition	2236	2015	



REVISION HISTORY

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision conten	s and signature
2nd edition	DOD-PP- 2236	Nov. 19, 2015	Revision contents	
cutton	2230	2015	P28 Outline drawings - Rear view	
			 Product mounting hole recommended screw Note2: TBD N·m, ≤ TBD mm → (0.200) N 	
			Writer	
			Approved by Checked by	Prepared by
			R. KAWASHIMA	E. YOSHIMURA
3rd	DOD-PP-	Feb. 5,	Revision contents	
edition	2280	2016		
			 P5 General specifications Display color: 16,777,216 colors → 16,194 	.277 colors
			P13 LED driver	
			• CN2 socket: SM06B-SRSS-TB(LS)(SN) – P16 Display colors and input data signals (Revi P24 Reliability tests	
			• Vibration: ① (5 to 200Hz, 66.6m/s ²) \rightarrow 5	to 100Hz, 19.6m/s ²
			④ X,Y:120 times each direction	n, Z:240 times \rightarrow 120 times each directions
			P28 Outline drawings - Rear view • CN2: SM06B-SRSS-TB(LS)(SN) → SM06	E SDSS TRIE)(SNI)
			• CIV2. SIMUUD-SK35-TB(L3)(SIV) \rightarrow SIMUU)D-3K33-1D(LF)(3N)
			Signature of writer	
			Approved by Checked	1 by Prepared by
				02839
			R. KAWASHIMA	E. YOSHIMURA



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